

Radiative effects of lower stratospheric volcanic and carbon aerosol as simulated by the CCM EMAC for 2002 to 2011

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Contribution to SSIRC (Stratospheric Sulfur and its Role in Climate) of SPARC (Stratosphere-troposphere Processes and their Role in Climate), WCRP/WMO

Volcanic SO₂ injections into stratosphere

Volcano Region	Time	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude (km)	SO ₂ Mass (kt)
Ruang	26 Sep 2002	2	125	18	70 ^d
Reventador	5 Nov 2002	0	-80	19	49 ^{c,d}
Rabaul+Mayon	10 Mar 2003	-5, 13	150, 124	17, 15	15 ^e
Ulawun	9 Apr 2003	-5	151	17	18 ^e
Anatahan	14 May 2003	16	143	17	16 ^e
Soufriere Hills	13 Jul 2003	16	-62	15-18	51 ^d
Gamalama+Japan	22 Aug 2003	1, 33	128, 131	16	27
Lokon+Masaya	26 Sep 2003	2, 12	125, -86	16	16
Manam?	21 Oct 2003	5	145	16	16
Philippines?	10 Nov 2003	5	120	16	20 ^e
Colombia? MIPAS	25 Dec 2003	5	-78	17	13
Manam? MIPAS	9 Jan 2004	-5, 5	140?	17	27
Langila	3 Feb 2004	-5	150	17	14
Soufriere Hills	4 Mar 2004	10	-62	17	22 ^e
Anatahan	12 Apr 2004	16	143	15	28
Pacaya	16 Jul 2004	15	-91	17	31
Manam	31 Oct 2004	-4	144	17	25 ^d
Manam	24 Nov 2004	-4	144	17	35
Manam	28 Jan 2005	-4	144	19	169 ^d
Anatahan	3 Apr 2005	16	143	15	15
Anatahan + Soufriere Hills	23 Apr 2005	16	143, -62	16	50 ^d
Anatahan + Fernandina	17 May 2005	16, 0	143, -91	15	27 ^d
Anatahan	12 Jun 2005	16	143	15	25
Anatahan + Santa Ana	12 Jul 2005	16	143, -90	15	26 ^d
Anatahan + Conception	5 Aug 2005	16	143, -85	15	42
Anatahan	16 Aug 2005	16	143	15	59 ^d
Sierra Negra	23 Oct 2005	-1	-91	15	48 ^d
Karhala	24 Nov 2005	-10	43	16	28
Tinakula	23 Jan 2006	-9	152	16	15
Ulawun	1 Mar 2006	-5	150	17	68 ^e
Tinakula + Lascar	18 Apr 2006	-5, -23	152, -68	17	35
Soufriere Hills	21 May 2006	16	-62	19	147 ^d
Ulawun + Ecuador	16 Jul 2006	-5	150, -80	17	20
Rabaul	17 Aug 2006	-4	150	19	88 ^e
Rabaul	9 Oct 2006	-4	150	17	150 ^d
Peru (?) + Pit-Fourm.R.	24 Oct 2006	-20, -10	-70, 57	17	48
Ambrym	8 Nov 2006	-10	160	17	40
Nyamuragira	28 Nov 2006	5, -15	30	17, 15	66 ^d
Sulawesi + Japan	24 Dec 2006	5, 30	125	18, 15	34
Nevaldo del Huila	19 Feb 2007	0	-70	16	29
Pit-Fourm.R. + Reventador + Ulawun + Vanuatu	3 Apr 2007	-20, 0	57, -80	16	53 ^d
Vanuatu, Japan + Kam.	3 May 2007	-5, -25	160	15	21
Vanuatu, Japan + Kam.	13 May 2007	-15, 35	150	16	25 ^e
Llaima +	23 May 2007	-25, -15	-70	15	25
Lengai +?	2 Jul 2007	-2, 20	29	16, 15	22
Ruang, Monsoon?	27 Jul 2007	-5, 35	110	15	23 ^d
Manda Hararo	11 Aug 2007	15, -35	40	15	32
Vanuatu +?	20 Sep 2007	-5	165?	16	22
Jebel al Tair	1 Oct 2007	15, -40	42?	16	74 ^d
Nicaragua	5 Nov 2007	15	-85	16	27
Soputan or Krakatau	14 Nov 2007	-5	110	15	35 ^e
Talang (?)	9 Dec 2007	-5	100	16	24 ^d
Mexico? Llaima	29 Dec 2007	5, -35	-75?	17	27 ^d
Nevaldo del Huila	8 Jan 2008	1	-71	15	30
Ecuador, Mexico?	28 Jan 2008	-5, 15	-80?	16	32
Ecuador?	11 Feb 2008	-5	-80	16	28 ^d
Vanuatu+	8 Mar 2008	-15, 5	167	16	23
Vanuatu+Africa(?)	28 Mar 2008	-15, 5	167	16	28
Bismarck A. + Egon	12 Apr 2008	-5, 5	152, 122	15	27
Mexico+ Chaiten	3 May 2008	15, -5, -35	-90, -70	16	22 ^d
Nicaragua+Barren L.+Chaiten	12 May 2008	10, -35	-90, -70	16	29
Nicaragua? Soputan?	16 Jun 2008	-5	125	16	38 ^d
Okmok	13 Jul 2008	53	-168 ^f	15	89 ^d
Kasatochi	8 Aug 2008	52	-175 ^f	13-17	376 ^d
Colombia+Dallaflia	12 Nov 2008	5	-78, 40	17	89 ^d
Ecuador+Kamchatka?	17 Dec 2008	5, 40	-80, 160	17, 15	35
Karantengang?	2 Jan 2009	2	125	17	29 ^e
Indonesia?	27 Jan 2009	-5	100	16	26 ^e
Ecuador+Villarrica	16 Feb 2009	-5, -35	-75	16	28
Redoubt	23 Mar 2009	60	-155 ^f	13	105 ^d
Fernandina+	8 Apr 2009	0	-90	16	28 ^d
Rinjani?	7 May 2009	5	120	15	28
Rinjani+Vanuatu?	22 May 2009	5, -15	116, 165	16	27 ^d
Sarychev	14 Jun 2009	48	153 ^f	16	562 ^d
Vanuatu+Mayon	4 Oct 2009	-15, 25	165, 120	17	27 ^e
Costa Rica?	24 Oct 2009	5	-83	16	26 ^e
Ecuador? Langila?	3 Dec 2009	-5	-78, 148	17	29 ^d
Nyamuragira + Tungurahua	2 Jan 2010	-5, 15	30, -75	16	30 ^d
Turrialba?	17 Jan 2010	5	-82	16	29
Soufriere Hills	13 Feb 2010	16	-62	16-18	42 ^d
Costa Rica	2 Apr 2010	9	-84	15	34
Tungurahua?	2 May 2010	-5	-78	16	39 ^d
Pacaya	1 Jun 2010	15	-91	17	49 ^d
Ulawun + Costa Rica + Kunil	16 Jul 2010	-5, 20, 35	150, -83	16	32 ^d
Karantengang, Nicaragua	10 Aug 2010	9, 35	128, -85	16	38
Galeria + Sinabung (?)	27 Aug 2010	5, 25	-77, 100	16	34 ^d
Karantengang + America?	4 Oct 2010	5	128, -80	16	42 ^d
Merapi	6 Nov 2010	-7	110	18	107 ^d
Java, Ecuador, Villarrica	24 Dec 2010	-5, -35	110, -78	17	51
Villarrica + Java	7 Jan 2011	-45, -5	-75, 110	16	35 ^d
Lokon-Empung, Planchon?	26 Feb 2011	5, -40	110, -75	16	36 ^d
Rabaul + Merapi?	25 Mar 2011	-5	150, 107	15	27
Colombia? Karantengang	12 Apr 2011	5	-77, 128	16	22 ^d
Tungurahua, Rabaul	2 May 2011	-3	-78, 150	16	38 ^d
Grimsvo'tn + Rabaul	27 May 2011	65, -5	-20, 150?	14, 16	48 ^e
Nabro	13 Jun 2011	10, -55	41 ^f	16-19	386 ^e
Vanuatu (?)	19 Oct 2011	-15	165	16	24 ^d
Nyamuragira?	13 Nov 2011	-2	29	16	31 ^d

^aSO₂ masses above 14 km in low latitudes, above 13 km in midlatitudes, and 12 km in high latitudes. The altitudes and latitudes refer to the maxima in the zonal mean "plume" in the MIPAS SO₂ data if available. On several days more than one volcano has to be considered. The SO₂ is injected at the listed days, in most cases based on the strongest signal(s) in OMI data, i.e., not necessarily the first day of an eruption. For eruptions lasting over a period of months or years this can be several days. Most volcano names are from the Smithsonian database (<http://www.volcano.si.edu>).

^bAbove 15 km only.

^cApproximately as in other simulation.

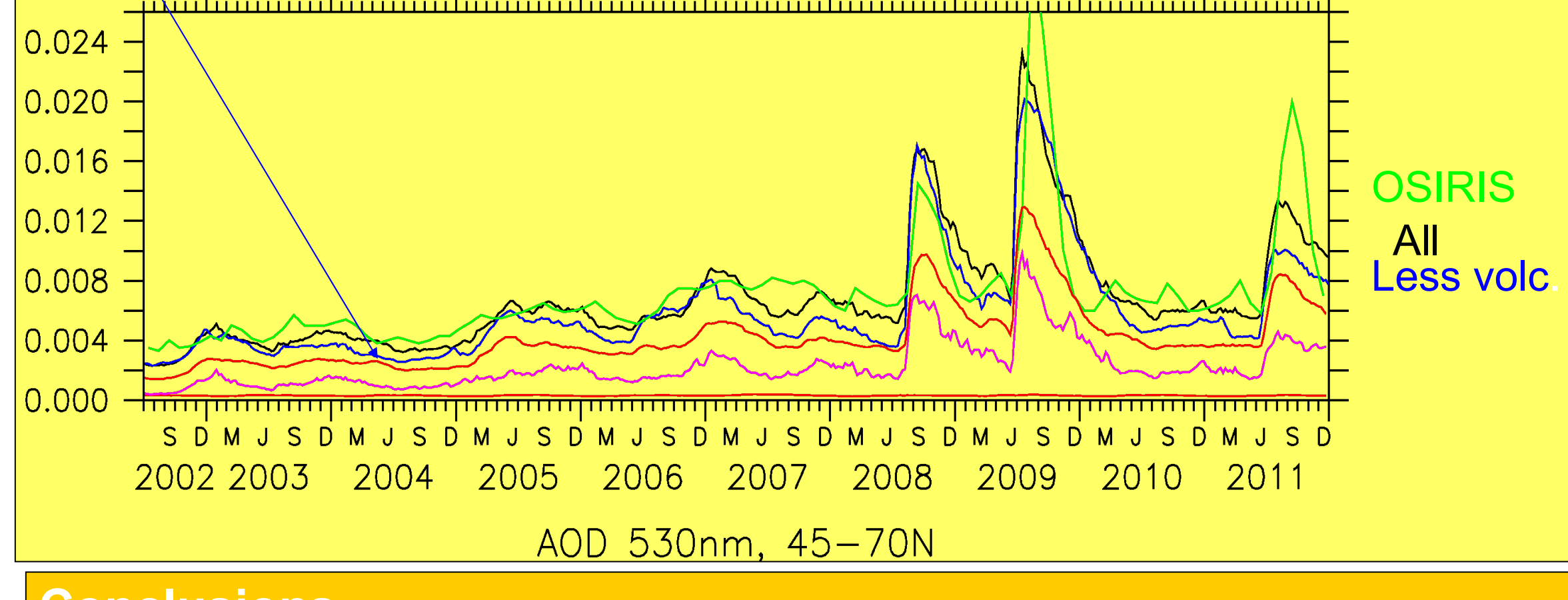
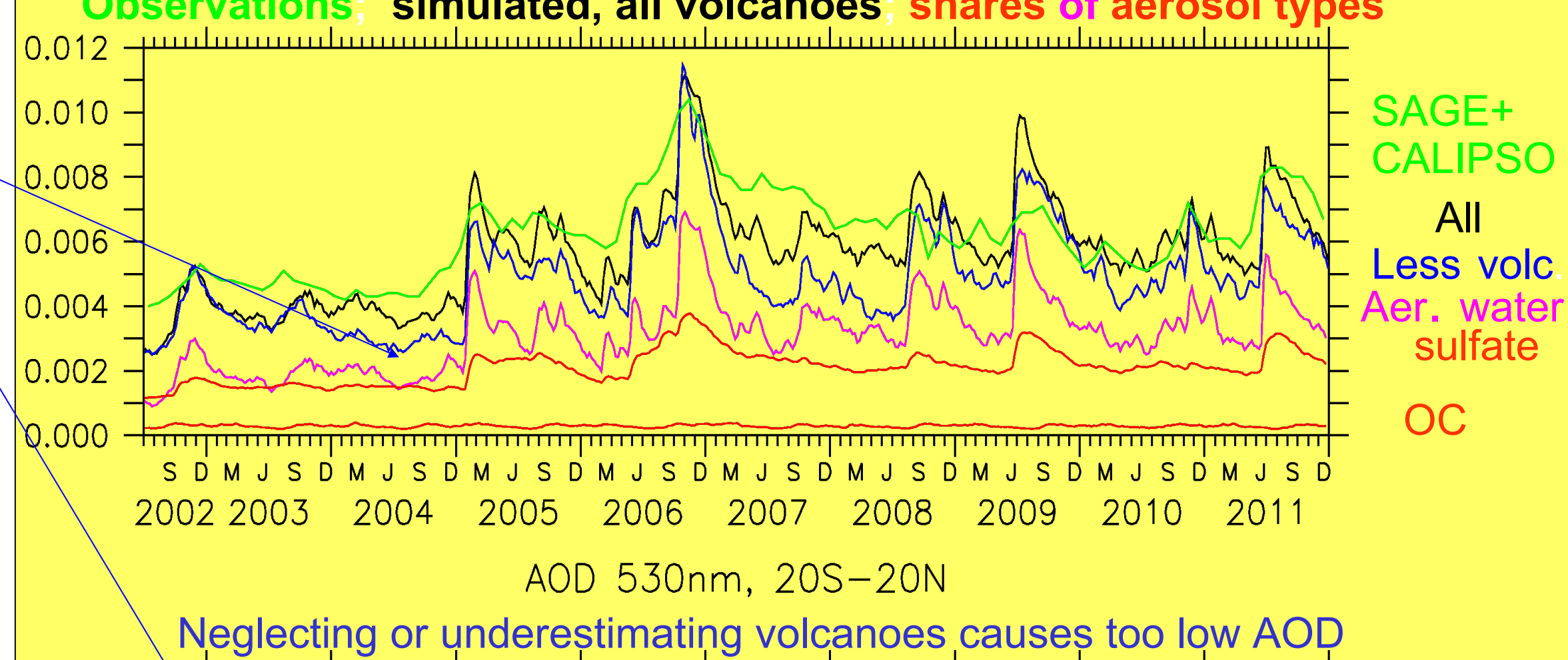
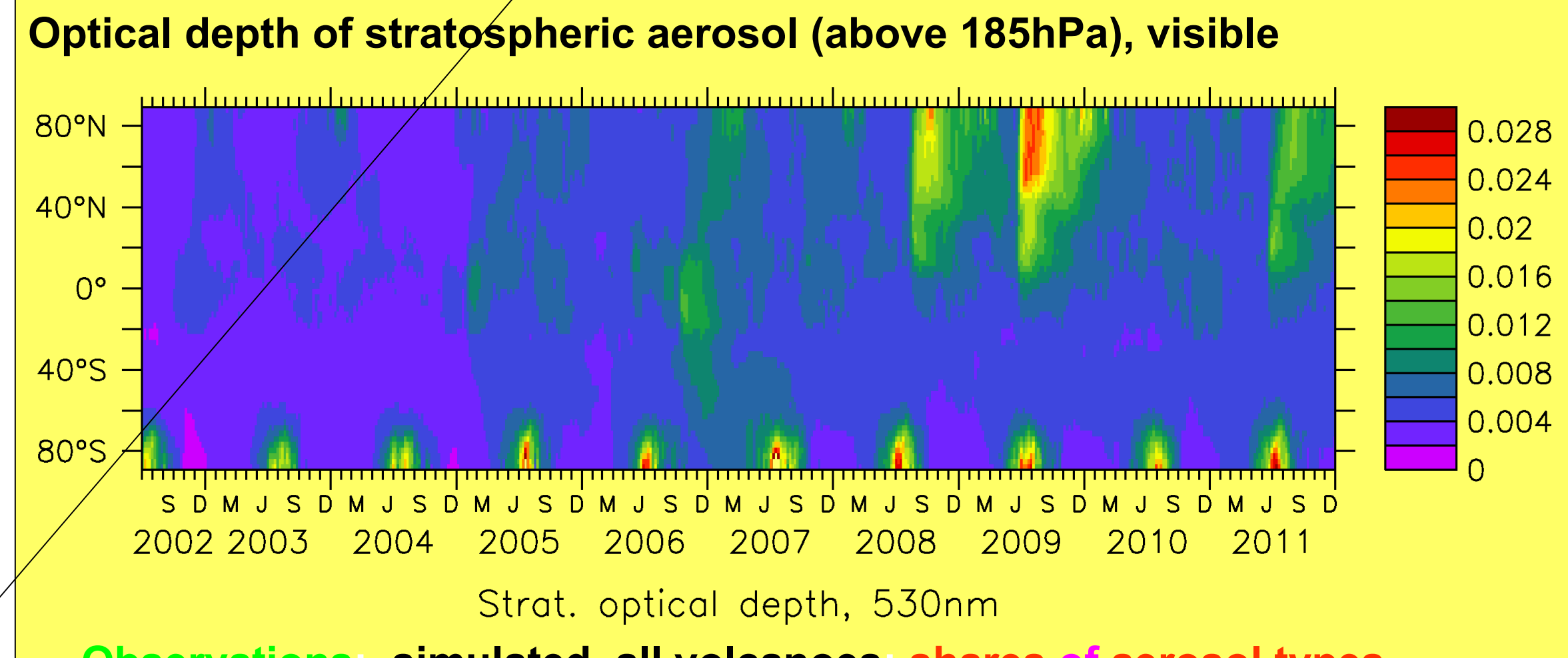
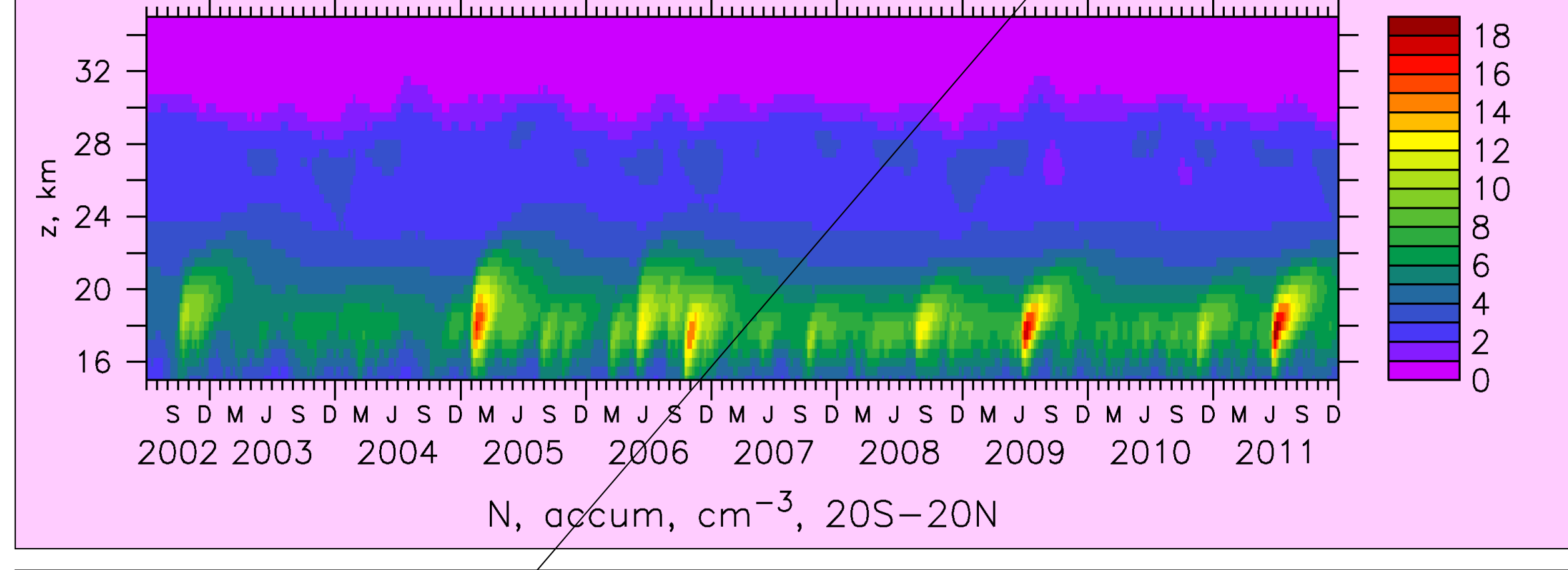
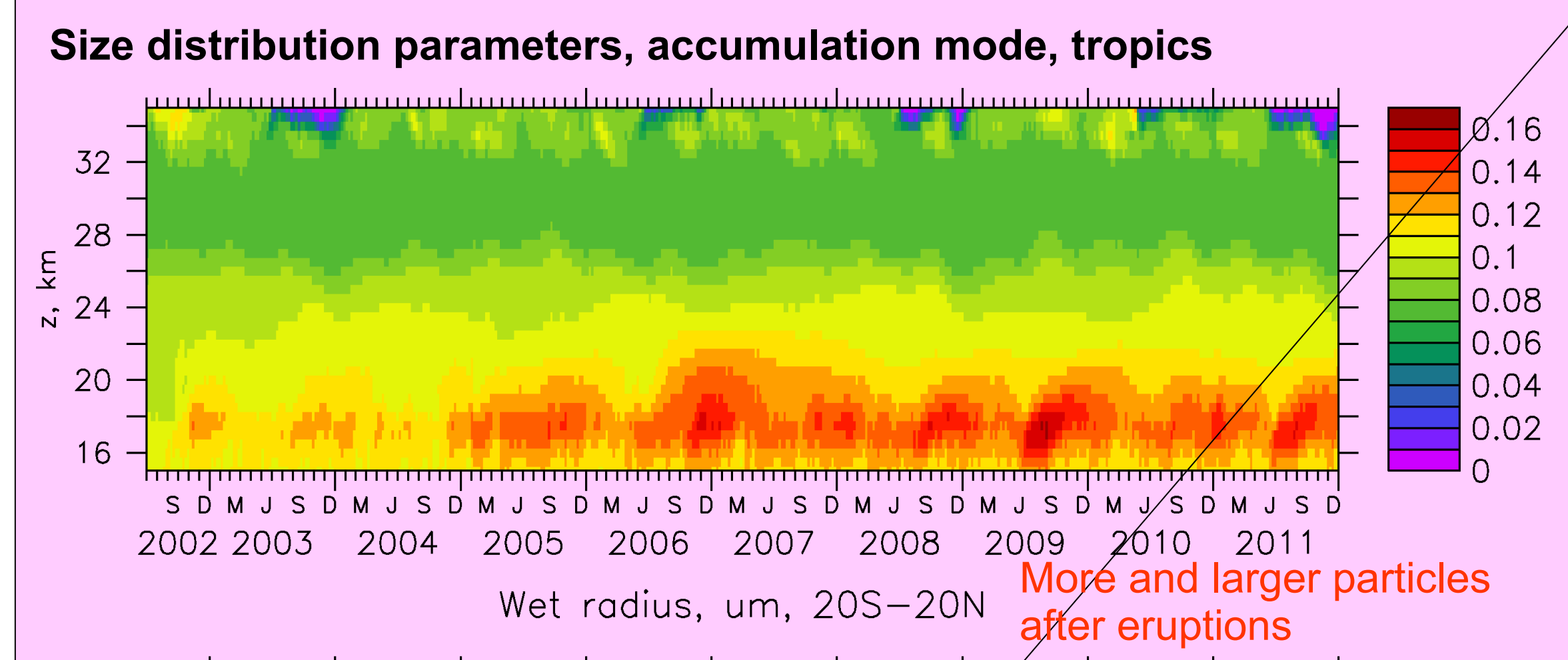
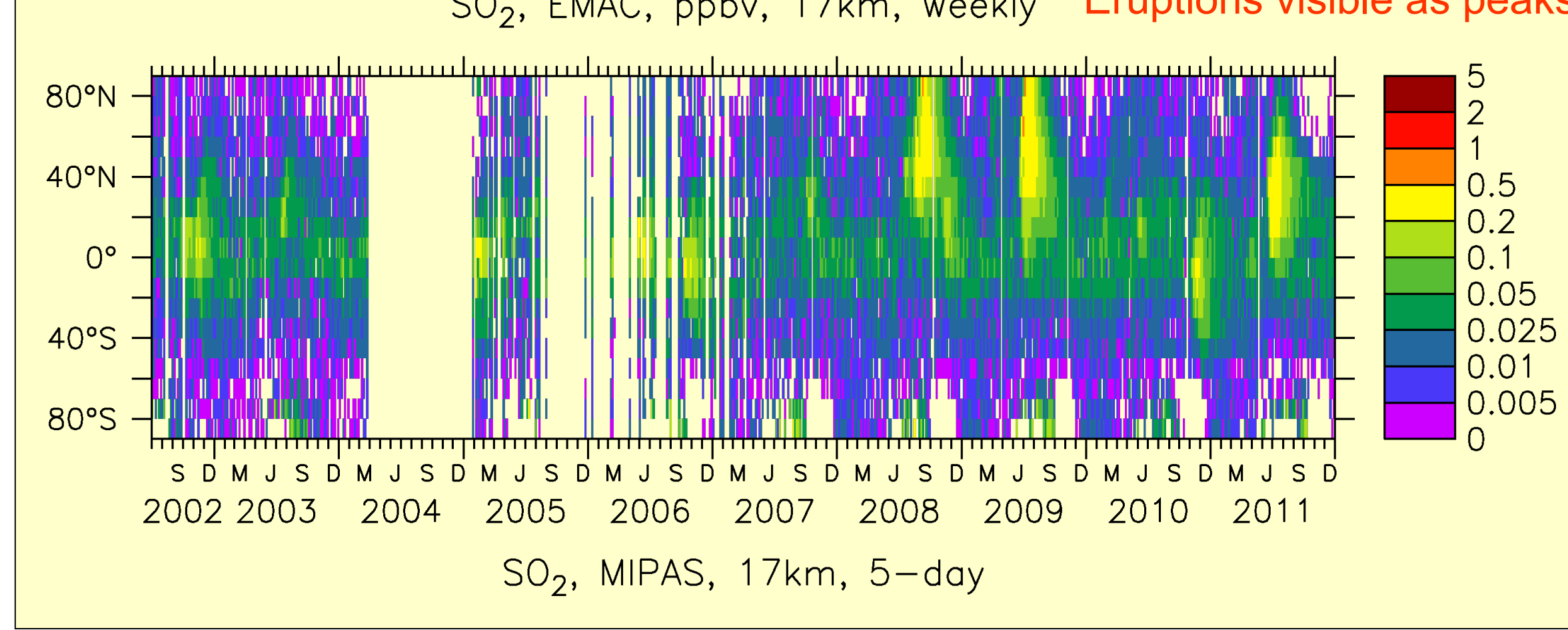
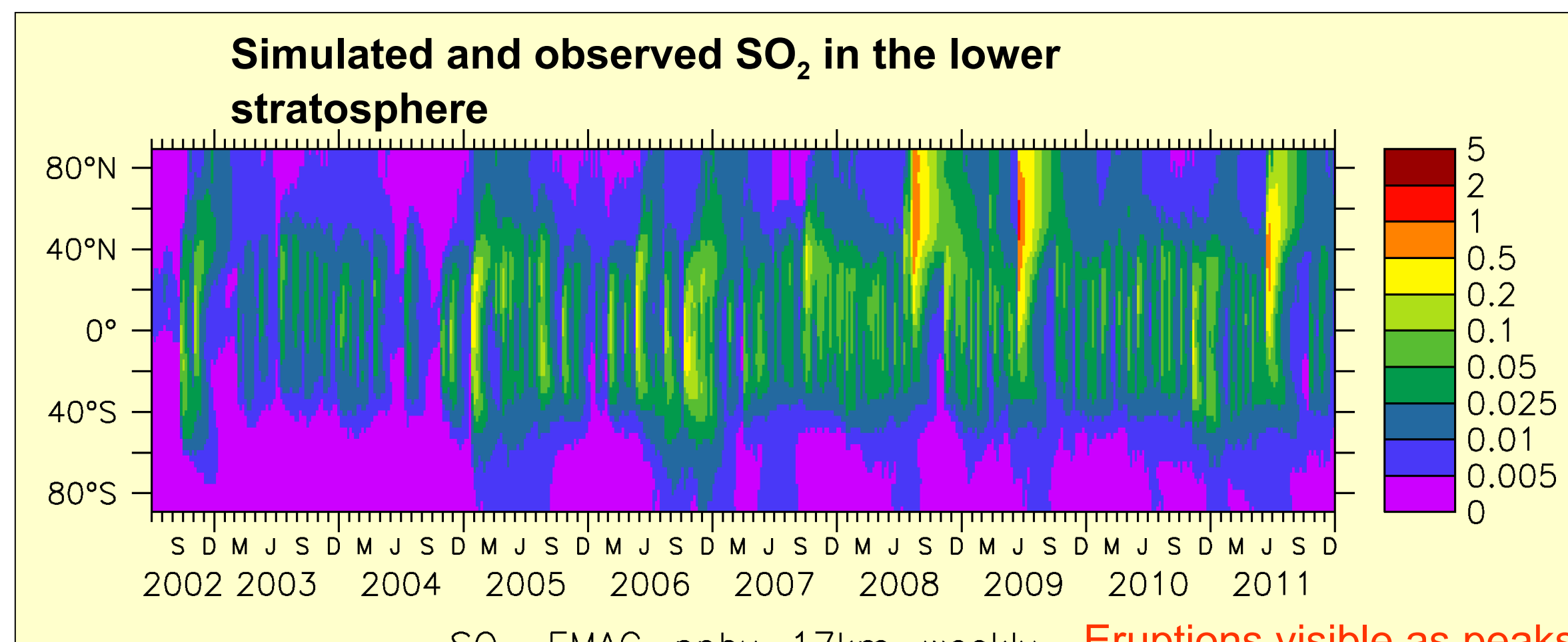
^dStrongly underestimated in other simulation.

^eLongitudinal sawtooth function.

EMAC (v1.9/1.10)
 •MECCA1 chemistry module, modified for SO_x (with COS and DMS oxidation, enhanced H₂SO₄ NIR photolysis [966nm, q=0.2] and SO_x sink on meteoritic dust) + GMXE aerosol module (4 soluble and 3 insoluble modes with EQSAM chemistry, σ_{nuc,aq}=1.59, σ_{acc}=1.49, σ_{cs}=1.7; lower mode boundaries: aitenk 0.006, accum 0.07, coarse 1.6μm) + scavenging by clouds
 •AEROCOM aerosol emissions at surface (sulfate, organics; Dentener, ACP 2006)
 •Resolution T42/L90 (to 1Pa with internal Quasi-Biennial Oscillation), GCM ECHAM5.
 •Optical properties of aerosol from lookup-table (Mie based, types: H₂O, water soluble, OC, BC, dust, sea salt)
 •Aerosol radiative forcing calculated diagnostically (multiple calls of radiation routine online, with aerosol and feedback to dynamics, and without aerosol and feedback)

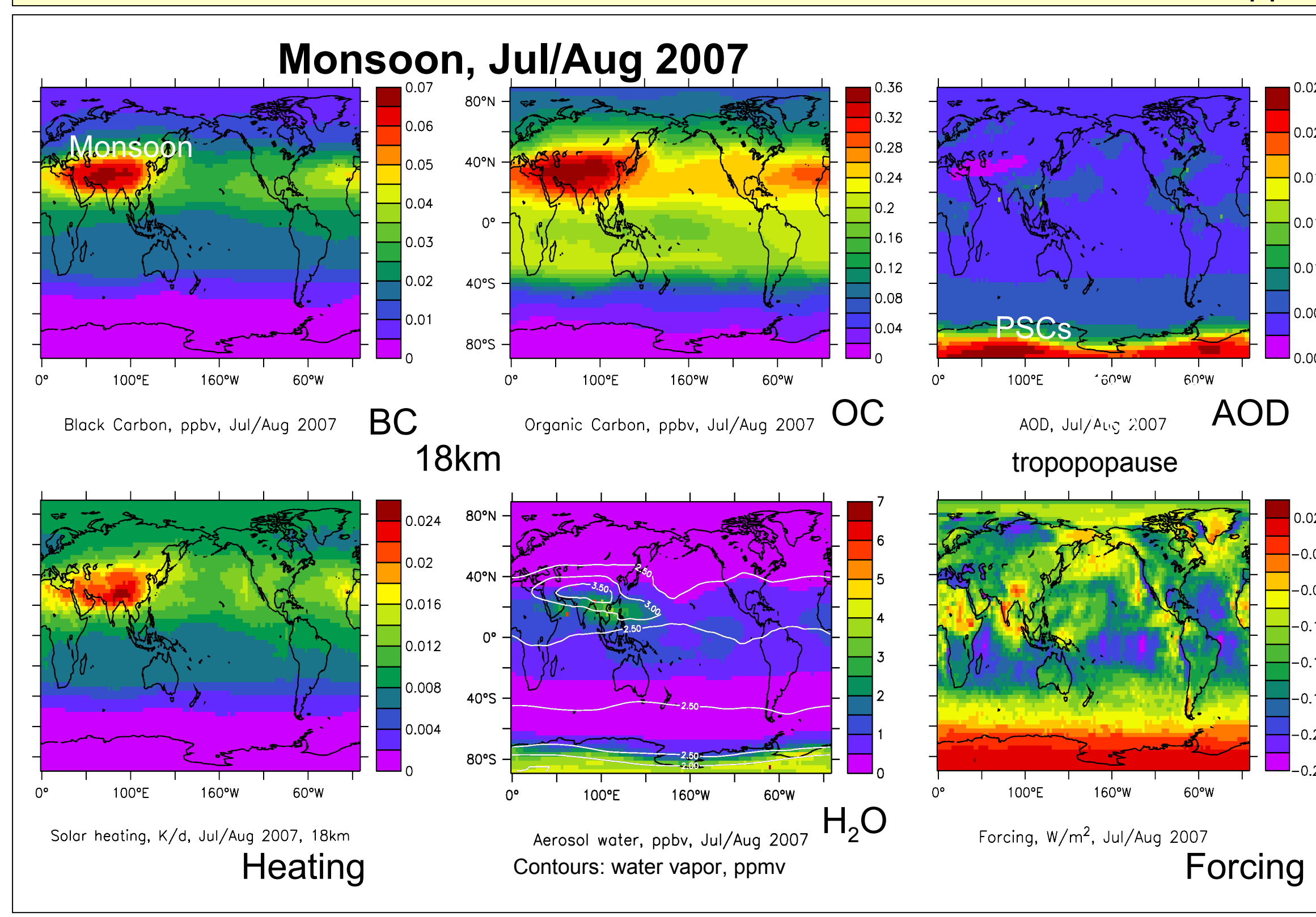
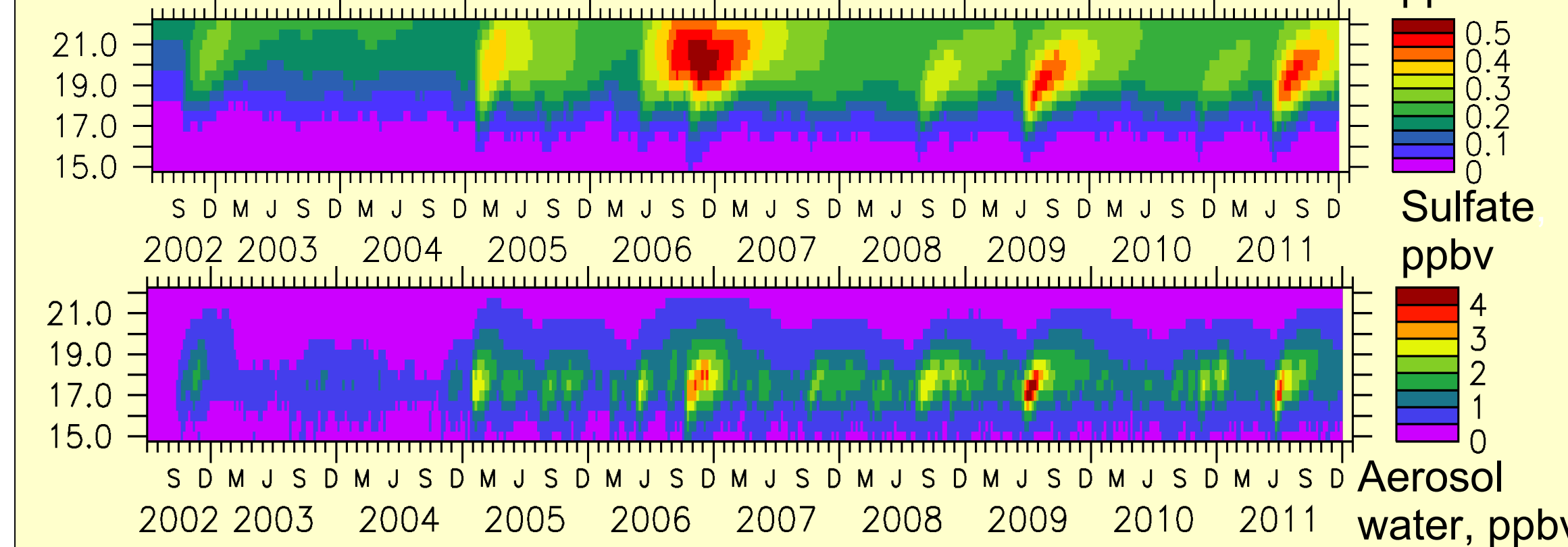
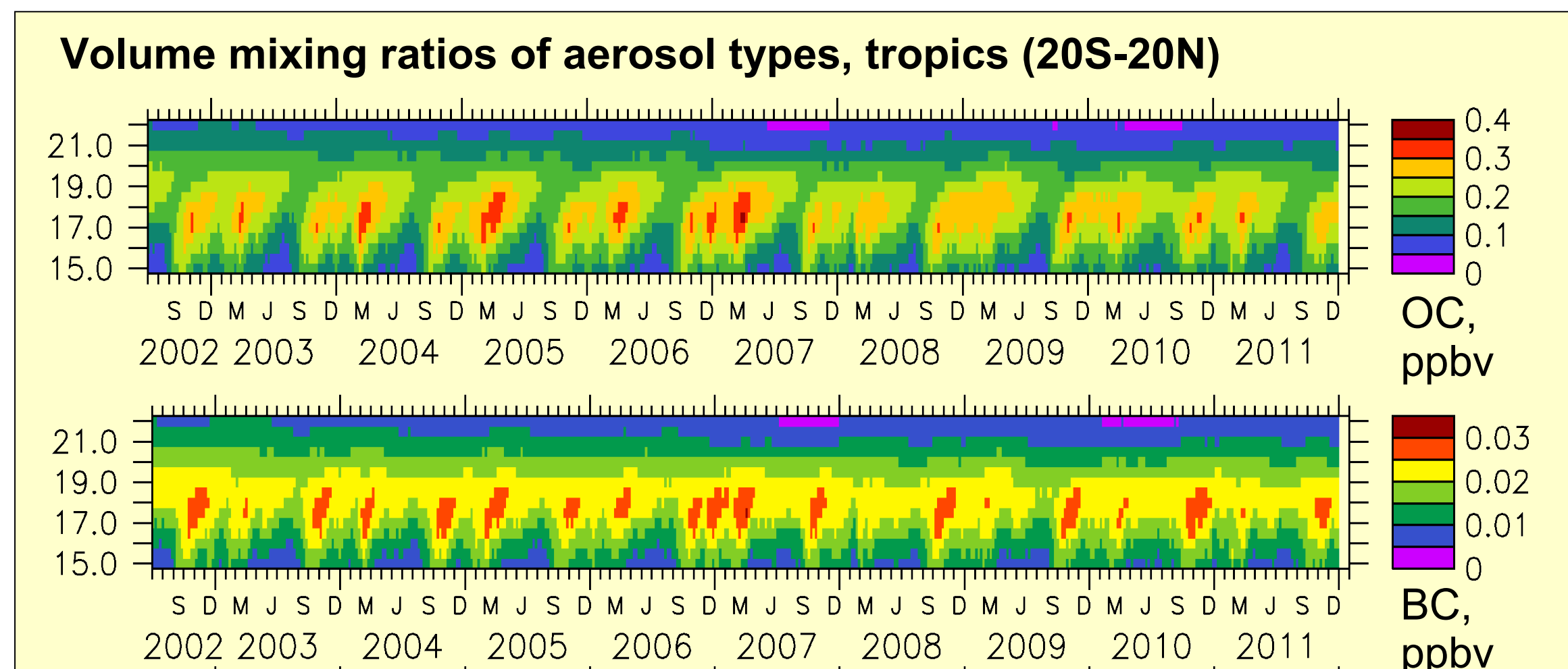
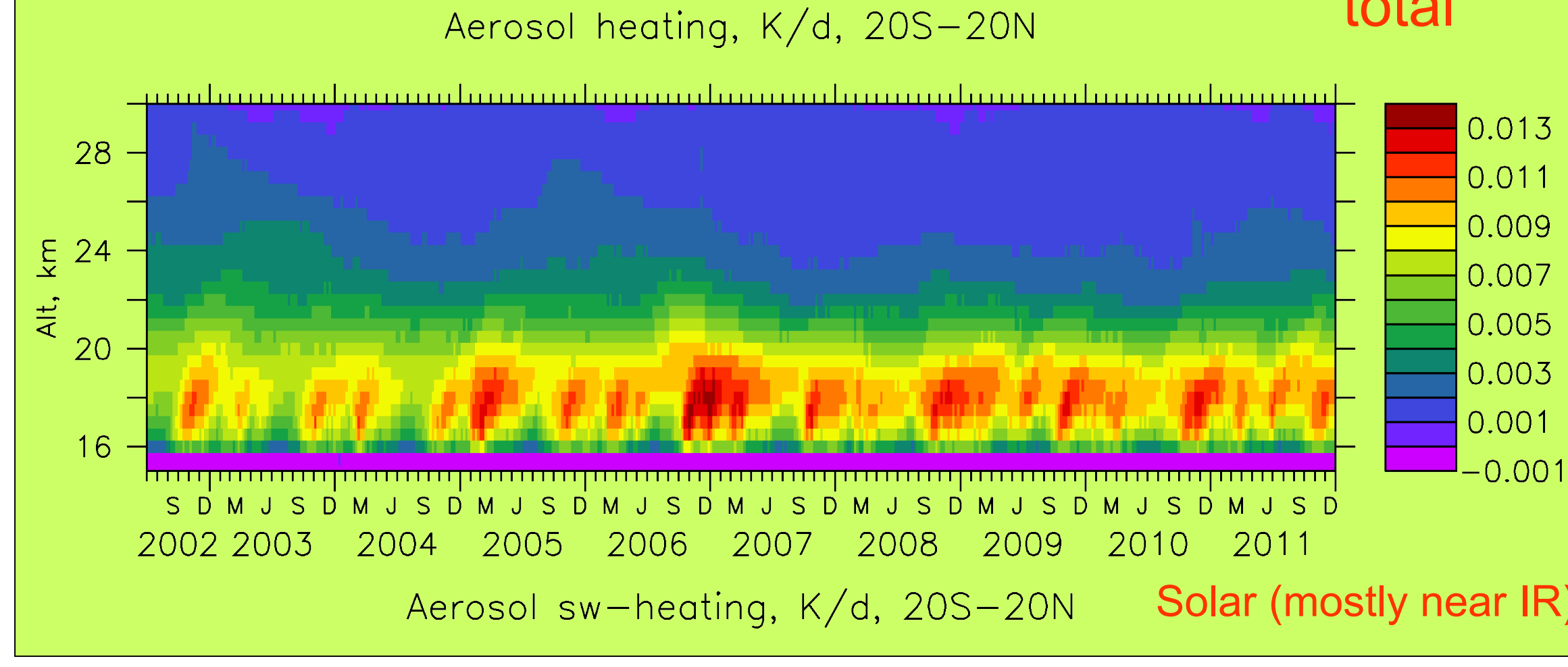
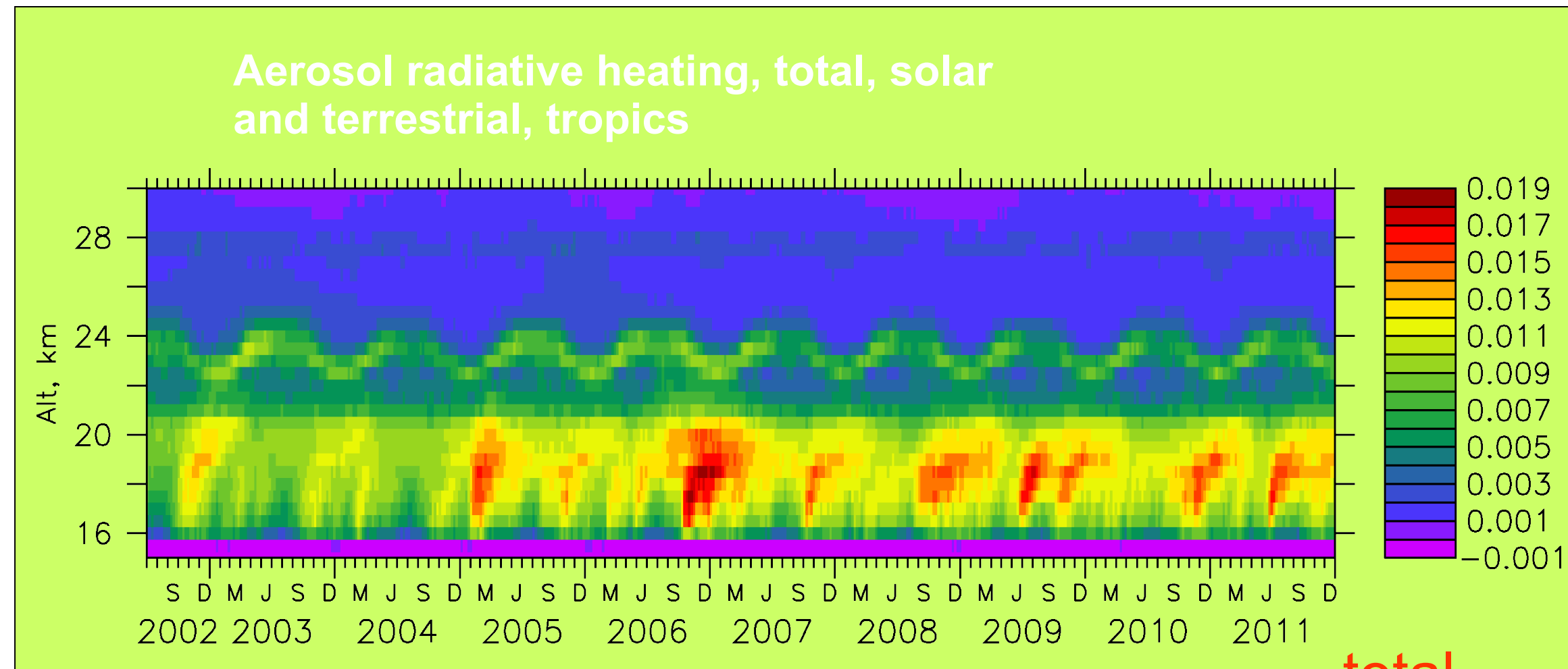
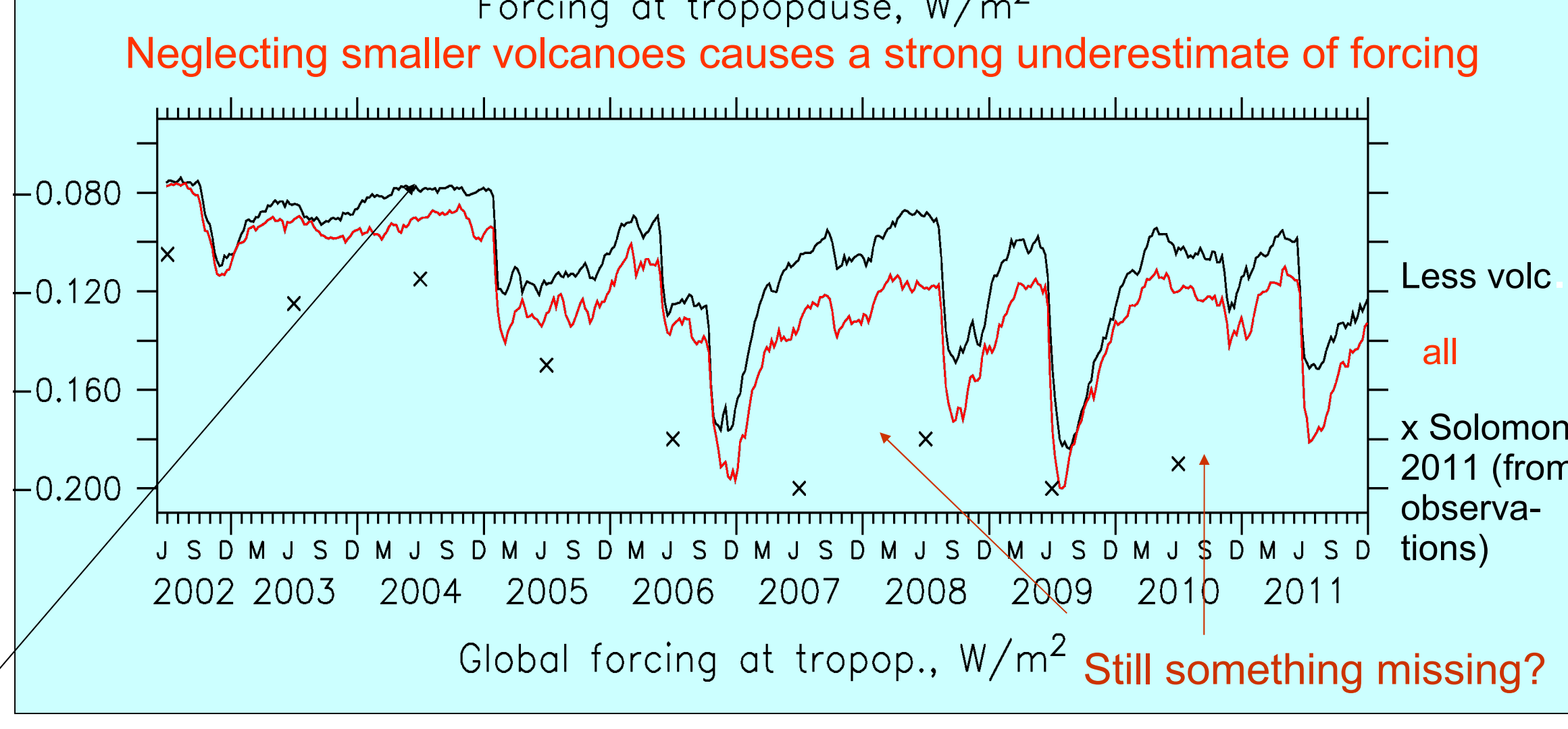
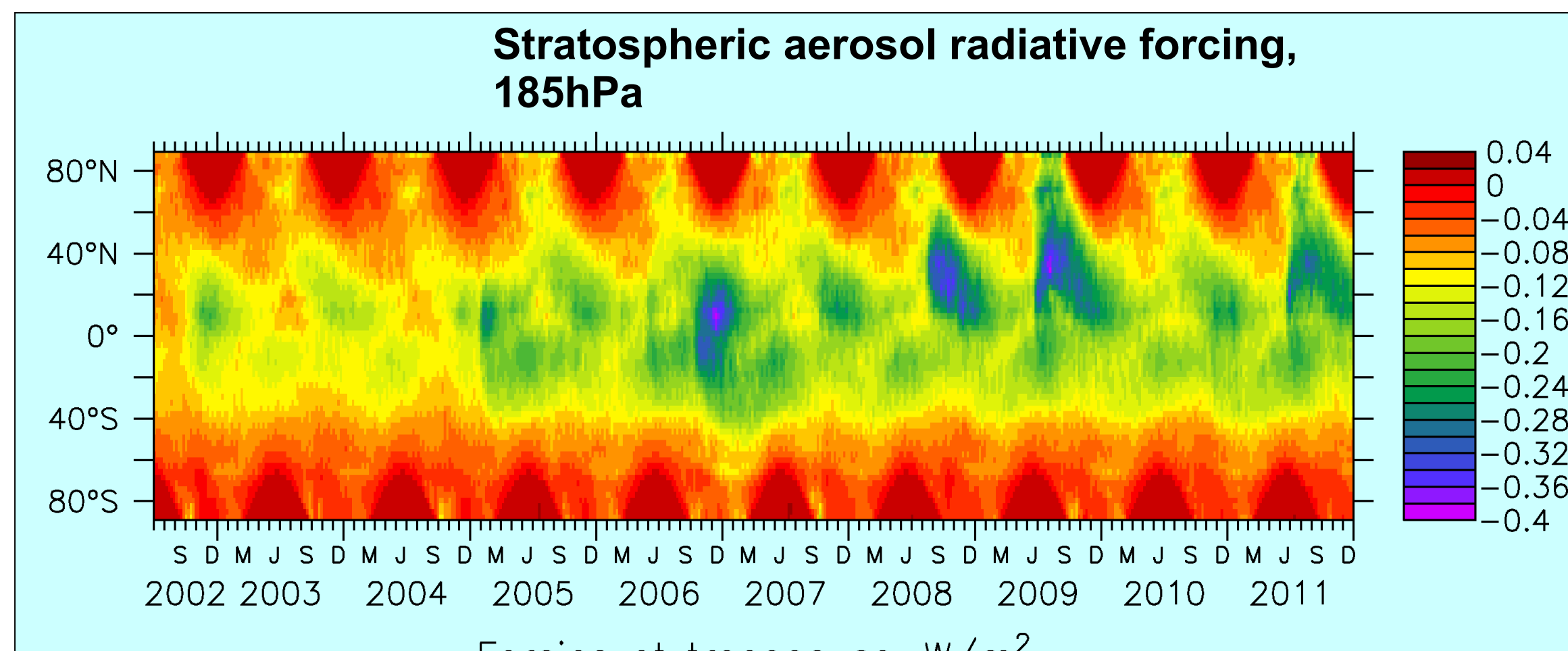
References:
 Model: Jöckel et al., 2006, Atmos.Chem.Phys. 6, 5067-5104. Brühl et al., 2012, Atmos.Chem.Phys., 12, 1239-1253; 2015, J. Geophys. Res., 120, 2103-2118; Pringle et al., 2010, Geosci.Model Dev., 3, 391-412; Giorgetta et al., 2006, J. Clim 19, 3882-3901.
 MIPAS: Höpfner et al., 2015, Atmos.Chem.Phys., 15, 7017-7037.
 Other satellite data: Santer et al., 2014, Nature Geosci. 7, 185-189; Bourassa et al., 2012, Atmos.Chem.Phys. 12, 605-614.

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Conclusions

- Medium and small explosive volcanic eruptions contribute significantly to stratospheric aerosol forcing and optical depth (AOD)
- Especially in the tropics and Antarctic winter aerosol water contributes a large fraction to AOD
- Organic and black carbon cause local radiative heating of the lower stratosphere which can exceed the contribution of sulfate aerosol and aerosol water in case of low volcanic activity (while the share of Organic Carbon and Black Carbon in AOD is small)
- In the Asian Monsoon aerosol radiative heating is clearly visible while clouds mask a clear signal in radiative forcing.



Also part of EU-StratoClim and ESA Aerosol CCI with partners at MPI-M, Hamburg and BIRA, Brussels